

## Weeks 1 and 2 - Vocabulary

<b>Week 1:</b> <b>The verbs 'jugar' and 'hacer':</b>	<b>Week 2</b> <b>Activities:</b>
hago I do haces you do hace he/she does hacemos we do hacéis you (pl) do hacen they do	bailar To dance ir* al gimnasio To go to the gym hacer* patinaje To do ice-skating hacer* natación To do swimming montar a caballo To ride a horse montar en bicicleta To ride a bike hacer alpinismo To do rock-climbing en un equipo In a team en el polideportivo In the sports centre en la pista de hielo At the ice rink en el estadio At the stadium en el aire libre Outdoors en la piscina In the pool
juego I play juegas You play juega He/she plays jugamos We play jugáis You (pl) play juegan They play	
<b>Time expressions:</b>	
jugar al fútbol to play football jugar al tenis to play tennis jugar al rugby to play rugby jugar al voleibol to play volleyball jugar a los videojuegos to play video games jugar al baloncesto to play basketball hacer equitación to do horse-riding hacer footing to do jogging hacer atletismo to do athletics	

## Weeks 3 and 4 - Vocabulary

<b>Week 3:</b> <b>Activities:</b>	To sing In a choir To surf the internet To go to the cinema To go out with my friends To watch TV / to watch films To do my homework To listen to music To go shopping To read To use social networks like Facebook To relax
cantar en un coro navegar por internet ir* al cine salir* con mis amigos ver la televisión / películas hacer* mis deberes escuchar música ir* de compras leer usar redes sociales descansar	
<b>Week 4:</b> <b>Activities</b>	To chat To spend time To help at home To walk To play (an instrument) The drums The piano The guitar In a band My favourite song is My favourite singer is To run
charlar pasar tiempo ayudar en casa andar tocar La batería El piano La guitarra En una banda Mi canción preferida es... Mi cantante preferido es.... correr	

## Weeks 5 and 6 - Vocabulary

<b>Week 5—Useful past tense verbs:</b>	I went I played I danced I did I rode I went out I listened I read I watched I used It was We went
fui jugué* baile hice* monté salí escuché leí vi* usé fue fuimos	
<b>Week 6—Adverbs of frequency/time</b> <b>Activities</b>	From time to time Rarely Sometimes Always Every day Every week Once a week Twice a week Never At the weekend In the morning In the evening
de vez en cuando raramente a veces siempre todos los días todas las semanas una vez por semana dos veces por semana nunca el fin de semana por la mañana por la tarde	

## Weeks 1 and 2 - Grammar

### Expressions with the infinitive:

The infinitive of a verb is the version of a verb that is found in the dictionary. They all end in -ar, -ir or -er.

e.g jugar - to play

An infinitive can come straight after an opinion, e.g.:

Me gusta **jugar** al fútbol  
I like **to play** football

No me gusta **jugar** al fútbol  
I don't like **to play** football

Me encanta **jugar** al fútbol  
I love **to play** football

Odio **jugar** al fútbol  
I hate **to play** football

You can also use the infinitive with 'me gustaría' to say 'I would like to':  
Me gustaría **jugar** al fútbol  
I would like **to play** football

## Weeks 3 and 4 - Grammar

### Present Tense Regular Verbs

There are 3 types of verb in Spanish: verbs that end in -ar, -er or -ir. To conjugate verbs, there are 2 simple steps:

- 1) Chop the -ar / -er / -ir off the infinitive: **hablar**
- 2) Add on the correct ending depending on who the **subject** (the person doing the verb) is, e.g. **hablo** = I talk. (Remember, the endings are different for -ar, -er and -ir verbs!)

	-ar: hablar	-er: comer	-ir: vivir
I	hablo	como	vivo
you (s.)	hablas	comes	vives
he/she	habla	come	vive
we	hablamos	comemos	vivimos
you (pl.)	habláis	coméis	vivís
they	hablan	comen	viven

## Weeks 5 and 6 - Grammar

### Past Tense (preterite)

We use this tense to talk about actions that happened in the past with time phrases like: ayer (yesterday); el año pasado (last year); el verano pasado (last summer); la semana pasada (last week); anoche (last night).

To conjugate verbs in the preterite tense, follow these 2 simple steps (but make sure you learn the endings off by heart!):

- 1) Chop the -ar / -er / -ir off the infinitive: **hablar**
- 2) Add on the correct ending depending on who the **subject** (the person doing the verb) is, e.g. **hablo** = I talk. (Remember, the endings are different for -ar, -er and -ir verbs!)

	-ar: hablar	-er: comer	-ir: vivir
I	hablé	comí	viví
you (s.)	hablaste	comiste	viviste
he/she	habló	comió	vivió
we	hablamos*	comimos	vivimos*
you (pl.)	hablasteis	comisteis	vivisteis
they	hablaron	comieron	vivieron

\*these are the same as the present tense!